milk remaining in such classes, the pounds of skim milk in Class II and Class III combined shall be increased (increasing as necessary Class III and then Class II to the extent of available utilization in such classes at the nearest other pool plant of the handler, and then at each successively more distant pool plant of the handler) by an amount equal to such excess quantity to be subtracted, and the pounds of skim milk in Class I shall be decreased by a like amount. In such case, the pounds of skim milk remaining in each class at this allocation step at the handler's other pool plants shall be adjusted in the reverse direction by a like amount; and

(iv) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(12)(ii) of this section, should the computations pursuant to paragraph (a)(12) (i) or (ii) of this section result in a quantity of skim milk to be subtracted from Class I that exceeds the pounds of skim milk remaining in such class, the pounds of skim milk in Class I shall be increased by an amount equal to such excess quantity to be subtracted, and the pounds of skim milk in Class II and Class III combined shall be decreased by a like amount (decreasing as necessary Class III and then Class II). In such case, the pounds of skim milk remaining in each class at this allocation step at the handler's other pool plants shall be adjusted in the reverse direction by a like amount beginning with the nearest plant at which Class I utilization is available;

(13) Subtract from the pounds of skim milk remaining in each class the pounds of skim milk in receipts of fluid milk products and bulk fluid cream products from another pool plant according to the classification of such products pursuant to § 1079.42(a); and

(14) If the total pounds of skim milk remaining in all classes exceed the pounds of skim milk in producer milk, and milk received from a handler described in §1079.9(c), subtract such excess from the pounds of skim milk remaining in each class in series beginning with Class III. Any amount so subtracted shall be known as "overage";

(b) Butterfat shall be allocated in accordance with the procedure outlined for skim milk in paragraph (a) of this section; and

(c) The quantity of producer milk and milk received from a handler described in §1079.9(c) in each class shall be the combined pounds of skim milk and butterfat remaining in each class after the computations pursuant to paragraph (a)(14) of this section and the corresponding step of paragraph (b) of this section.

 $[42\ FR\ 17423,\ Apr.\ 1,\ 1977,\ as\ amended\ at\ 58\ FR\ 27869,\ May\ 11,\ 1993]$

§1079.45 Market administrator's reports and announcements concerning classification.

The market administrator shall make the following reports and announcements concerning classification:

(a) Whenever required for the purpose of allocating receipts from other order plants pursuant to §1079.44(a)(12) and the corresponding step of §1079.44(b), estimate and publicly announce on or before the 12th day of the month the Class I utilization (to the nearest whole percentage) during the previous month of skim milk and butterfat, respectively, in producer milk of all handlers. Such estimate shall be based upon the most current available data and shall be final for such purpose.

(b) Report to the market administrator of the other order, as soon as possible after the report of receipts and utilization for the month is received from a handler who has received fluid milk products or bulk fluid cream products from an other order plant, the class to which such receipts are allocated pursuant to §§ 1079.43(d) and 1079.44 on the basis of such report, (including any reclassification of inventories of bulk concentrated fluid milk products), and thereafter, any change in such allocation required to correct errors disclosed in the verification of such report.

(c) Furnish to each handler operating a pool plant who has shipped fluid milk products or bulk fluid cream products to an other order plant the class to which such shipments were allocated by the market administrator of the other order on the basis of the report by the receiving handler, and, as necessary, any changes in such allocation arising from the verification of such report.

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(d) On or before the 14th day after the end of each month, report to each cooperative association which so requests, the class utilization of producer milk received by each handler from a cooperative association or from members of the association. For the purpose of this report, the milk caused to be delivered by an association shall be prorated to each class in the proportion that the total receipts of milk received from producers by such handler were used in each class.

[42 FR 17423, Apr. 1, 1977, as amended at 58 FR 27870, May 11, 1993]

CLASS PRICES

§1079.50 Class and component prices.

Subject to the provisions of §1079.52, the class prices per hundredweight of milk containing 3.5 percent butterfat and the component prices for the month shall be as follows:

- (a) Class I price. The Class I price for the month per hundredweight of milk containing 3.5 percent butterfat shall be the basic formula price for the second preceding month plus \$1.55.
- (b) Class II price. The Class II price shall be the basic formula price for the second preceding month plus \$0.30.
- (c) *Class III price*. The Class III price shall be the basic formula price for the month.
- (d) Class III-A price. The Class III-A price for the month shall be the average Central States nonfat dry milk price for the month, as reported by the Department, less 12.5 cents, times an amount computed by subtracting from 9 an amount calculated by dividing .4 by such nonfat dry milk price, plus the butterfat differential times 35 and rounded to the nearest cent.
- (e) Class I differential price. The Class I differential price shall be the difference between the current month Class I and Class III prices (this price may be negative).
- (f) Class II differential price. The Class II differential price shall be the difference between the current month Class II and Class III prices (this price may be negative).
- (g) Class III-A differential price. The Class III-A differential price shall be the difference between the current

month's Class III and Class III-A prices (this price may be negative).

- (h) Skim milk price. The skim milk price per hundredweight, rounded to the nearest cent, shall be the Class III price less an amount computed by multiplying the butterfat differential by 35.
- (i) Butterfat price. The butterfat price per pound, rounded to the nearest one-hundredth cent, shall be the Class III price plus an amount computed by multiplying the butterfat differential by 965 and dividing the resulting amount by one hundred.
- (j) Protein price. The protein price per pound, rounded to the nearest one-hundredth cent, shall be 1.32 times the average monthly price per pound for 40-pound block Cheddar cheese on the National Cheese Exchange as reported by the Department.
- (k) Other solids price. Other solids are herein defined as solids not fat other than protein. The other solids price per pound, rounded to the nearest one-hundredth cent, shall be the basic formula price at test less the average butterfat test of the basic formula price as reported by the Department times the butterfat price, less the average protein test of the basic formula price as reported by the Department for the month times the protein price, and dividing the resulting amount by the average other solids test of the basic formula price as reported by the Department. If the resulting price is less than zero, then the protein price will be reduced so that the other solids price equals zero.
- (I) Somatic cell adjustment. (1) The somatic cell adjustment rate, per 1,000 somatic cells, rounded to five decimal places, shall be computed by multiplying .0005 times the monthly cheddar cheese price as defined in paragraph (j) of this section; and
- (2) The somatic cell adjustment, per hundredweight, shall be determined by subtracting from 350 the somatic cell count (in thousands) of the milk, multiplying the difference by the somatic cell adjustment rate, and rounding to the nearest full cent.

[42 FR 17423, Apr. 1, 1977, as amended at 46 FR 43390, Aug. 28, 1981; 51 FR 12833, Apr. 16, 1986; 58 FR 63289, Dec. 1, 1993; 60 FR 6611, Feb. 2, 1995; 60 FR 57161, Nov. 14, 1995]